

# CHLOORSTABIL BE-REG-00257

Version 1.0 Print Date 18.07.2024

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name CHLOORSTABIL BE-REG-00257 Substance name sodium hypochlorite, solution

Index-No. 017-011-00-1 CAS-No. 7681-52-9 EC-No. 231-668-3

REACH Status : Each component of the product is either registered or

exempted from registration obligations according to REACH

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Biocidal product

Substance/Mixture

Uses advised against : At this moment we have not identified any uses advised

against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Brenntag N.V.

> Nijverheidslaan 38 BE 8540 Deerlijk : +32 (0)56 77 6944

Telephone : +32 (0)56 77 5711 Telefax : info@brenntag.be E-mail address

Responsible/issuing : Master Data Administration

person

Company Brenntag Nederland B.V.

Donker Duyvisweg 44 NL 3316 BM Dordrecht : +31 (0)78 65 44 944

Telephone Telefax +31 (0)78 65 44 919 : info@brenntag.nl E-mail address

: Master Data Administration Responsible/issuing

person

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone

number

Belgium: Antipoison Center - Brussels TEL: +32(0)70 245 245

Netherland: National Poisoning Information Center - Bilthoven TEL: +31(0) 88 755 8000 (Only for the purpose of informing



medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008			
Hazard class	Hazard category	Target Organs	Hazard statements
Corrosive to metals	Category 1		H290
Skin corrosion	Category 1B		H314
Serious eye damage	Category 1		H318
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard	Category 1		H400
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	Category 2		H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### Most important adverse effects

Human Health : See section 11 for toxicological information.

Physical and chemical

hazards

Potential environmental :

effects

See section 9/10 for physicochemical information.

See section 12 for environmental information.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statements



Prevention : P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response : P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material

damage.

#### Additional Labelling:

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

sodium hypochlorite, solution

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Chemical nature : Aqueous solution

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazardous components

Amount [%]

Hazard class / Hazard class / Hazard statements category



EUH031

# CHLOORSTABIL BE-REG-00257

sodium hypochlorite, solution

Index-No. >= 10 - < 20 : 017-011-00-1 Met. Corr.1 H290 : 7681-52-9 CAS-No. Skin Corr.1B H314 EC-No. : 231-668-3 Eye Dam.1 H318 STOT SE3 H335 EU REACH- : 01-2119488154-34-xxxx

Reg. No. Aquatic Acute1 H400
Aquatic Chronic1 H410

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity): 10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity): 1

sodium hydroxide

 Index-No.
 : 011-002-00-6
 >= 0,5 - < 1</td>
 Met. Corr.1
 H290

 CAS-No.
 : 1310-73-2
 Skin Corr.1A
 H314

 EC-No.
 : 215-185-5
 Eye Dam.1
 H318

EU REACH- : 01-2119457892-27-xxxx

Reg. No.

specific concentration limit Skin Irrit. 2; H315

0,5 - < 2 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 0,5 - < 2 % Skin Corr. 1A; H314 >= 5 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314

2 - < 5 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

If inhaled : In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air

and keep at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If irritation appears

or if the contamination is extensive, seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately.

Go to an ophthalmic hospital if possible.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting - seek medical advice. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the

recovery position.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



Symptoms : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Effects : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product

itself does not burn.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Hazardous combustion

products

: Incomplete combustion may form toxic pyrolysis products.

Chlorine, Hydrogen chloride gas, chlorine oxides

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

apparatus. Wear appropriate body protection (full protective

suit)

Further advice : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water

spray. Heating will cause a pressure rise - with risk of bursting. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Wear respiratory

protection. Keep away unprotected persons. Provide adequate ventilation. Danger of slipping if spilled Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapour.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such cases.



#### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

containment and cleaning

Methods and materials for : Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not keep the container sealed.

Further information : Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

#### Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not keep the container sealed. Handle and open container

with care. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eves. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity.

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, Hygiene measures

eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off

all contaminated clothing immediately.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep in an area equipped with alkali resistant flooring. Keep only in the original container. Store in a receptacle equipped with a vent. Suitable materials for containers: polyethylene; Polyvinylchloride; Unsuitable materials for containers: Iron;

Copper; Aluminium; Stainless steel

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : The product is not flammable. Normal measures for preventive

fire protection.

Further information on storage conditions

: Keep in a well-ventilated place. Protect against light. Store in

cool place.

Advice on common

storage

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not

store together with acids and ammonium salts.

#### Specific end use(s) 7.3.

: No information available. Specific use(s)



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values. Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

DNEL

Workers, Acute - systemic effects, Acute - local effects, : 3,1 mg/m3

Inhalation

**DNEL** 

Workers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local : 1,55 mg/m3

effects, Inhalation

**DNEL** 

Workers, Long-term - local effects, Skin contact : 0,5 %

DNFI

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local : 1,55 mg/m3

effects, Inhalation

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Acute - local effects, Acute - systemic effects, : 3,1 mg/m3

Inhalation

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Ingestion : 0,26 mg/kg bw/day

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)** 

Fresh water :  $0,21 \mu g/l$ 

Marine water :  $0,042 \mu g/l$ 

Sewage treatment plant (STP) : 4,69 mg/l

Intermittent releases : 0,26 µg/l

Soil :

Exposition is not expected.

Marine sediment :

Exposition is not expected.

Fresh water sediment :

Exposition is not expected.



Secondary poisoning : 11,1 mg/kg food

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

**DNEL** 

Workers, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation : 1,0 mg/m3

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation : 1,0 mg/m3

#### **Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Belgium. OELs. Exposure Limit Values to Chemical Substances at Work, Code of Well-being at work, Book VI, Title 1, as amended, Time Weighted Average (TWA): 2 mg/m3

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## **Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Belgium. OELs. Exposure Limit Values to Chemical Substances at Work, Code of Well-being at work, Book VI, Title 1, as amended, Time Weighted Average (TWA): 2 mg/m3

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Appropriate engineering controls**

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice : Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are

released.

Respiratory protection complying with EN 141.

Recommended Filter type: Combination filter:B-P2 Combination filter:B-P3

In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained

breathing apparatus.



Hand protection

Advice : Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the

product / the substance / the preparation.

Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace

conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.

Material : butyl-rubber

Break through time : 8 h Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Material : Polyvinylchloride

Break through time : 8 h Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Material : polychloroprene

Break through time : 8 h
Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Eye protection

Advice : Safety goggles

Skin and body protection

Advice : alkali resistant protective clothing

## **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such

cases.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : No data available

Physical state : liquid

Colour : yellow

Odour : irritating



Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point : < -16 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposition at boiling point.

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

flammability limit

Flash point No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

No data available

> 12,5 pН

Concentration: 100 %

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

: No data available Viscosity, kinematic

Flow time : No data available

Water solubility No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Dissolution Rate : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -3,42 (20 °C)

: No data available Dispersion Stability

Vapour pressure : 17 hPa (20 °C)

Relative density : No data available

1,22 g/cm3 (20 °C) Density

Bulk density No data available

Relative vapour density No data available

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Particle characteristics No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Advice : Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice : Decomposes on heating.

Decomposes on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : May develop chlorine if mixed with acidic solutions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : HeatAvoid UV light.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids, ammonium compounds, Acetic anhydride, Organic

materials, Hydrogen peroxide, metal salts, Copper, Nickel, Iron

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition : Hydrogen chloride gas, Chlorine, chlorine oxides

products

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on the hazard classes within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Acute toxicity
Oral
Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
Inhalation
Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
 Dermal



	Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.	
Irritation		
	Skin	
Result	: Classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.	
	Eyes	
Result	: Classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.	
	Sensitisation	
Result	: Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.	
	CMR effects	
	CMR Properties	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP	
Mutagenicity	<ul><li>regulation.</li><li>Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.</li></ul>	
Teratogenicity	<ul> <li>regulation.</li> <li>Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.</li> </ul>	
Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>regulation.</li> <li>Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.</li> </ul>	
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity	
	Single exposure	
Remarks	: Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.	
	Repeated exposure	
Remarks	<ul> <li>Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.</li> </ul>	
	Other toxic properties	
	Repeated dose toxicity	
	No data available	
	Aspiration hazard	
	Not applicable,	
omponent:	sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52	
	Acute toxicity	



Oral

LD50 : > 1100 mg/kg (Rat; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test

Guideline 401)

Inhalation

LC50 : > 10,5 mg/l (Rat; 1 h; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test

Guideline 403)

Dermal

LD50 : > 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test

Guideline 402)

Irritation

Skin

Result : corrosive effects (Human)

**Eyes** 

Result : Causes serious eye damage. (Rabbit) (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Sensitisation

Result : not sensitizing (Buehler Test; Guinea pig) (OECD Test Guideline

406)

**CMR** effects

**CMR Properties** 

Carcinogenicity : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

Teratogenicity : Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity : Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Genotoxicity in vitro

Result : negative (Ames test; Salmonella typhimurium) (OECD Test

Guideline 471)

ambiguous (Chromosome aberration test in vitro; Chinese hamster

fibroblasts) (OECD Test Guideline 473)



Genotoxicity in vivo

Result : negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD

Test Guideline 474)

negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD

Test Guideline 475)

ambiguous (Effects on sperm morphology and melotic micronuclei;

Mouse)

**Teratogenicity** 

NOAEL Teratog.

: 5,7 mg/kg

(Rat)Test substance

Chlorine

Reproductive toxicity

NOAEL Parent : 5 mg/kg

(Rat)(Oral)Effects on fertilityTest substance

Chlorine

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

Single exposure

Inhalation : Target Organs: Respiratory systemMay cause respiratory

irritation. Experience with human exposure

Repeated exposure

Remarks : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

Other toxic properties

Repeated dose toxicity

NOAEL : 50 mg/kg

(Rat)(Oral; 90 Days) (OECD Test Guideline 408)

**Aspiration hazard** 

No aspiration toxicity classification,

**Further information** 

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Other relevant toxicity : If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a

information

danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

**Acute toxicity** 

Oral

No valid data available.

Inhalation

No valid data available.

Dermal

No valid data available.

Irritation

Skin

Result : Very corrosive (Rabbit) (No guideline followed)

**Eyes** 

Result : corrosive effects (Rabbit; Test substance: 10% solution) (OECD

Test Guideline 405) Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline

Sensitisation

Result : not sensitizing (Human) (No guideline followed)Patch test on

human volunteers did not demonstrate sensitisation properties.

**CMR** effects

**CMR Properties** 

Carcinogenicity : No experimental references for cancerogenity available.

Mutagenicity : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

Teratogenicity : No data available

Reproductive toxicity : Not expected to impair fertility.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

Single exposure



ΕN

# CHLOORSTABIL BE-REG-00257

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ Remarks

toxicant, single exposure.

Repeated exposure

Remarks The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

## Other toxic properties

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not applicable,

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

# Data for the product **Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture does not contain components Assessment

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Component:	SO	dium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
		Acute toxicity	
		Fish	
LC50	:	0,06 mg/l (Salmo gairdneri; 96 h)	
NOEC		0,04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewate	er silverside); 96 h)
	Toxicity	to daphnia and other aquatic inverte	brates
EC50	:	0,141 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea	a); 48 h)
		algae	
NOEC	:	0,0021 mg/l (algae; 7 Days) Fresh water	er
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**Bacteria** 

EC50 : > 3 mg/l (activated sludge; 3 h)

**Chronic toxicity** 

**Fish** 

NOEC : 0,04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside); 28 d)

Aquatic invertebrates

NOEC 0,007 mg/l (Eastern oyster (Crassostrea virginica); 15 d) Marine

water

M-Factor

M-Factor (Acute : 10 Aquat. Tox.) M-Factor (Chron. : 1

M-Factor (Chron. Aquat. Tox.)

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Acute toxicity

Fish

LC50 : 125 mg/l (Gambusia affinis; 96 h) (No guideline followed) LC50 : 145 mg/l (Poecilia reticulata; 24 h) (No guideline followed)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 : 40,4 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia (water flea); 48 h) (No guideline followed)

algae

: No data available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
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Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** 

Result : The product can be degraded by abiotic (e.g. chemical or

photolytic) processes. decomposition by hydrolysis. Half-life in fresh-water < 1 day

**Biodegradability** 

Result : The methods for determining the biological degradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** 

Result : No data available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** 

Result : log Kow -3,42 (20 °C)

Does not bioaccumulate.

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Bioaccumulation

Result : Does not bioaccumulate.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Component:	sodium nypochiorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9

Mobility

Water : The product is mobile in water environment.

Soil : Highly mobile in soils

Air : not volatile (Henry's Constant)

Component:	sodium hydroxide	CAS-No. 1310-73-2
	Mobility	

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Water : Good soluble in water.

Air : not volatile

Soil : Low potential for adsorption (based on substance properties).

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## Data for the product

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be

either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or

higher.

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : The PBT or vPvB criteria of Annex XIII to the REACH Regulation

does not apply to inorganic substances.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

## Data for the product

Endocrine disrupting potential

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Additional ecological information	

Result : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product : Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special

disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.

Contaminated packaging : Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They can be

recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. Packagings that cannot be cleaned are to be disposed of in the same manner

as the product.

European Waste : No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue

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Catalogue Number can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates

the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation

with the regional waste disposer.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1791

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION RID : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION IMDG : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C9; 80; (E)

Identification Number; Tunnel restriction

code)

RID-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C9; 80

Identification Number)

IMDG-Class : 8

(Labels; EmS) 8; F-A, S-B

## 14.4. Packaging group

ADR : II RID : II IMDG : II

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous according to ADR : yes Environmentally hazardous according to RID : yes Marine Pollutant according to IMDG-Code : yes

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture



## Data for the product

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.:, 3; Listed

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, Annex I Qualifying quantity for the application of Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Qualifying quantity for the application of Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Qualifying quantity for the application of Lower-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in

Category Chronic 2

Qualifying quantity for the application of Upper-tier requirements: 500 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in

Category Chronic 2

#### Component:

#### sodium hypochlorite, solution

CAS-No. 7681-52-9

EU. Chemicals Subject to PIC Procedure: Regulation 649/2012/EU on export and import of dangerous chemicals, as amended ; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.: , 3; Listed

Point Nos.:, 75; Listed

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, Annex I Qualifying quantity for the application of Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Category Acute 1 of Chilomic 1

Qualifying quantity for the application of Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous



substances; Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

# Notification status sodium hypochlorite, solution:

Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
EINECS	YES	231-668-3
DSL	YES	
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-31506
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-237
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-237
NZIOC	YES	HSR003698
IECSC	YES	
INSQ	YES	
ONT INV	YES	
TCSI	YES	
PICCS (PH)	YES	
TSCA	YES	
PHARM (JP)	YES	
VN INVL	YES	
TH INV	YES	55-1-05972
TH INV	YES	2828.90
AU AIICL	YES	

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-7	U-13-Z
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# Notification status sodium hydroxide:

Soulaili liyaloxiac.		
Regulatory List EINECS	Notification YES	Notification number 215-185-5
DSL	YES	
KECI (KR)	YES	97-1-136
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-31487
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-410
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-410
NZIOC	YES	HSR001547
INSQ	YES	
IECSC	YES	
ONT INV	YES	
TCSI	YES	
PICCS (PH)	YES	
TSCA	YES	
VN INVL	YES	
TH INV	YES	2815.11
TH INV	YES	2815.12
TH INV	YES	55-1-01354
PHARM (JP)	YES	
AU AIICL	YES	

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessments have been carried out for these substances.



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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of the Notes referred to under section 3.

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AU AIICL	Australia. Industrial	Chemicals Act	(AIIC) List

**BCF** bioconcentration factor

BOD biochemical oxygen demand
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

**CLP** Classification, Labelling and Packaging

**CMR** carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction

COD chemical oxygen demand DNEL derived no-effect level

DSL Canada. Environmental Protection Act, Domestic Substances List EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

**ELINCS** European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS (JP) Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IECSC China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
INSQ Mexico. National Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHL (JP) Japan. Inventory of Industrial Safety & Health

**KECI (KR)** Korea. Existing Chemicals Inventory

**LC50** median lethal concentration

**LOAEC** lowest observed adverse effect concentration

**LOAEL** lowest observed adverse effect level

**LOEL** lowest observed effect level

NDSL Canada. Environmental Protection Act. Non-Domestic Substances

List

**NLP** no-longer polymer

NOAEC no observed adverse effect concentration



NOAEL no observed adverse effect level NOEC no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

NZIOC New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OEL occupational exposure limit
ONT INV Canada. Ontario Inventory List
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PHARM (JP) Japan. Pharmacopoeia Listing

PICCS (PH) Philippines. Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

PNEC predicted no-effect concentration
REACH Auth. No.: REACH Authorisation Number

**REACH AuthAppC. No.** REACH Authorisation Application Consultation Number

UK REACH Auth. No.: UK REACH Authorisation Number

**UK REACH AuthAppC.** 

No.

UK REACH Authorisation Application Consultation Number

UK REACH-Reg.No
UK REACH Registration Number
specific target organ toxicity
substance of very high concern

TCSI Taiwan. Existing Chemicals Inventory

**TH INV** Thailand. Existing Chemicals Inventory from FDA

TSCA US. Toxic Substances Control Act

#### **Further information**

Key literature references :

and sources for data

Supplier information and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were

used to create this safety data sheet.

Methods used for product classification

The classification for human health, physical and chemical hazards and environmental hazards were derived from a combination of calculation methods and if available test data.

Hints for trainings : The workers have to be trained regularly on the safe handling

of the products based on the information provided in the Safety Data Sheet and the local conditions of the workplace. National regulations for the training of workers in the handling of

hazardous materials must be adhered to.

Other information : The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is

correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and

does not constitute a legal relationship.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in



# CHLOORSTABIL BE-REG-00257 the text. || Indicates updated section.



# Sodium hypochlorite

Version 1.2 Print Date 05.02.2013

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No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	8	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1	NA	ES447
2	Use as an intermediate	3	8, 9	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES9182
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	2	NA	ES9179
4	Industrial use	3	4, 5, 6a, 6b, 8, 9, 10, 11	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13, 14	6a, 6b, 6d	NA	ES523
5	Use in Cleaning Agents	3	4	35	5, 7, 8a, 9, 10, 13	6b	NA	ES9191
6	Use in Cleaning Agents	22	NA	35	5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES538
7	Use in sewage water treatment	3	23	20, 37	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9187
8	Use in textile industry	3	5	34	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES9185
9	Use in paper industry	3	NA	26	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9189
10	Consumer use	21	NA	19, 34, 35, 37	NA	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES653



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# SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# Sodium hypochlorite

Version 1.2 Print Date 05.02.2013

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 1: Manufacture of substance			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)		
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances		

# 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
militericed by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
releases to soil Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage	2.000 m3/d

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	treatment plant effluent		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		re for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
, ,	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor/Outdoor use.		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at a		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection		

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

## 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

and health evaluation

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### Workers

**EU RAR** 

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In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.



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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local and systemic.	0,705mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	General exposures	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,540mg/m³	0,1742
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Laboratory activities	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,252mg/m³	0,081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Equipment maintenance	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,480mg/m³	0,155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,498mg/m³	0,161

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

#### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time



# Sodium hypochlorite

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 2: Use as an intermediate				
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals			
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate			
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)			

# 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
F	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Initiation by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage	Municipal sewage treatment plant

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to sewage treatment plant	Treatment Plant	
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

Phocoa, Phocob, Phoco				
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity		
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa		
	Process Temperature	90 ℃		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h		
	Frequency of use	5 days/week		
	Body weight	70 kg		
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day		
	Light activity			
Other operational conditions	Indoor use.			
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location			
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated  Regular inspection and maintanance of equipment and machines			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.			

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

## 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

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#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR		
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,02mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,01		
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,10mg/m³	0,71		
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,20mg/m³	0,77		
PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,25mg/m³	0,81		
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,91mg/m³	0,59		

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time



# Sodium hypochlorite

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1. Short title of Exposure	e Scenario 3: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)		
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of preparations		

# 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water



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	Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
pre			
Co	Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to		Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
to	Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal  Waste treatment		External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions Indoor/Outdoor use.			
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.  Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection  In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

## 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

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#### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### Workers

#### **EU RAR**

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local and systemic.	0,705mg/m³	0,4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	General exposures	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,540mg/m³	0,1742
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	Laboratory activities	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,252mg/m³	0,081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	Equipment maintenance	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,480mg/m³	0,155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		Worker - inhalative, short-term - local and systemic	0,498mg/m³	0,161
PROC14		Worker - inhalative, long- term	0,23mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,15

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

## Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

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# Sodium hypochlorite

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 4: Industrial use			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6a: Manufacture of wood and wood products SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys) SU11: Manufacture of rubber products		
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers		

# 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6d

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d

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	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8		re for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, OC14
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 ℃
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Other operational conditions	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk Management Measures are b		
-	•	

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2.5 Contributing scenario co	2.5 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 5%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity		
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa		
	Process Temperature	90 ℃		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h		
	Frequency of use	5 days/week		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin areas	Two hands 820 cm <sup>2</sup>		
risk management				
Other operational conditions	Indoor/Outdoor use.			
affecting workers exposure				
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves. (Efficiency: 90 %)			

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### Workers

### **EU RAR**

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local and systemic.	0,705mg/m³	0,4548

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution

### 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the

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### Sodium hypochlorite

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### **Exposure Scenario**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

#### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 5: Use in Cleaning Agents		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products	
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)	
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids	

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
F	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
mideneed by not management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
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Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC10, PROC13	ntrolling worker exposu	re for: PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC9,	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
, ,	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor use.		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC5, PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,25mg/m³	0,81
PROC7		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,20mg/m³	0,77
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,91mg/m³	0,59
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,00mg/m³	0,65
PROC13		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,70mg/m³	0,45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

## 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time



## Sodium hypochlorite

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Use in Cleaning Agents		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)	
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems	

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
F :	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Timbericed by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Do not let product enter drains., Onsite wastewater treatment required
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d

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Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC13, PROC15	ntrolling worker exposu	re for: PROC5, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11,
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 ℃
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Other operational conditions	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at a	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Avoid direct contact with the chemical/the product/the preparation by establishing organisational measures.	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection Personal measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.	
Risk Management Measures are b		
2.2 Contributing according	ntrolling worker evacu	ro for DDOC11

2.3 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC11		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 ℃
Amount used		0,005 kg
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	120 min
	Frequency of use	4 Times per day
Other operational conditions	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	

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- 1	Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.
	Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Avoid direct contact with the chemical/the product/the preparation by establishing organisational measures.
	Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### Workers

#### EASE v2.0

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC11		worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0017mg/m³	0,0011

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental Exposure is considered negligible

## 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time



## Sodium hypochlorite

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	CLLO, Industrial uses Lles	a of autoriana as autorian as in preparations at industrial	
Main User Groups	sites	s of substances as such or in preparations at industrial	
Sectors of end-use	SU23: Electricity, steam, g	as water supply and sewage treatment	
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents PC37: Water treatment chemicals		
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, co PROC3: Use in closed bat PROC4: Use in batch and exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending and articles (multistage and PROC8a: Transfer of subsivessels/large containers at PROC8b: Transfer of subsivessels/large containers at	stance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to non-dedicated facilities stance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to dedicated facilities ance or preparation into small containers (dedicated	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of re	eactive processing aids	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC6b	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
militario de by Hak Hariagement	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded	
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water	
releases to soil Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded	
prevent/limit release from the site		T	
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage	Municipal sewage treatment plant	



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to sewage treatment plant	Treatment Plant	
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

## 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

F1003, F1000a, F1000b, F1000			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor use.		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	ersion per hour).		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye production in case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation protection.  In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contains		n or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory	

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

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#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,02mg/m³	0,01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,10mg/m³	0,71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,20mg/m³	0,77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,25mg/m³	0,81
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,91mg/m³	0,59

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking at the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes



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Short title of Exposure Scenario 8: Use in textile industry		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Sectors of end-use	SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur	
Chemical product category	PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids	

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
F :	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded

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prevent/limit release from the site			
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal			
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8		re for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor use.		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).		
		equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		
D: 1 M 1 1 1	1 Pr. C. 1.1.1		

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

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#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,02mg/m³	0,01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,10mg/m³	0,71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,20mg/m³	0,77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,25mg/m³	0,81
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,91mg/m³	0,59
PROC13		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,70mg/m³	0,45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

## 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time



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Categories

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Use in paper industry			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Chemical product category	PC26: Paper and board dye, finishing and impregnation products: including bleaches and other processing aids		
Environmental Release	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999,999 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded	
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water	
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded	
prevent/limit release from the site			

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Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,			

## PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

1 11000,1 110000,1 110000			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 ℃	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor use.		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		otective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory Immes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

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#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,02mg/m³	0,01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,10mg/m³	0,71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,20mg/m³	0,77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1,25mg/m³	0,81
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0,91mg/m³	0,59

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

## 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

#### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking at the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes



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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 10: Consumer use			
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)		
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleache other processing aids PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products) PC37: Water treatment chemicals		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems		
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e			

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic, Low potential to biaccumulate

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%	
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
Initiation by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded	
measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site			
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal Waste treatment		External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	

### 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35: Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, glass cleaners)

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	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 3%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
Amount used	Amount used per event	0,005 kg	
	Exposure duration	7,5 min	
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	4 Times per day	
Other given operational	Indoor use.	· ····································	
conditions affecting consumers	Room size	4 m3	
exposure	Ventilation rate per hour	0,5	
2.3 Contributing scenario co	•		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,5%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	1 Times per day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin areas	Palm of one Hand 420 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Indoor use.		
Other given operational		4 m3	
conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size		
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal	Ventilation rate per hour  Consumer Measures	0,5 Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.	
protection and hygiene)			
2.4 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling consumer expo	osure for: PC19, PC34	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	2 days/week	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	ced by Exposed skin areas Two hands 820 cm <sup>2</sup>		
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Other given operational conditions affecting consumers	Indoor use.		
	Room size	4 m3	
	exposure	Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g.	Consumer Measures	Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.	
	behavioural advice, personal		

protection and hygiene) 2.5 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC37 Concentration of the Substance in Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,1% Mixture/Article Physical Form (at time of Product characteristics Liquid, moderate fugacity Vapour pressure 25 hPa 2000 ml Amount used Frequency and duration of use 1 Times per day Frequency of use

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### **Consumers**

**EU RAR** 

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre- treatment	consumer inhalation, long term - systemic	1,68µg/m³	0,000108
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	consumer inhalation, long term - systemic	1,68µg/m³	0,000108
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre- treatment	consumer dermal, long term - local	0,035mg/kg bw/day	< 1
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	consumer dermal, long term - local	0,002mg/kg bw/day	< 1
	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, acute	0,0003mg/kg bw/day	
	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, long-term	0,003mg/kg bw/day	0,011
	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, acute	0,0007mg/kg bw/day	
	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, long-term	0,0033mg/kg bw/day	0,011

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4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

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