

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SULPHURIC ACID 15% (A02479)

Version 1.0 Print Date 28.04.2022

Revision date / valid from 10.11.2020

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : SULPHURIC ACID 15% (A02479)

 Substance name
 : sulphuric acid

 Index-No.
 : 016-020-00-8

 CAS-No.
 : 7664-93-9

 EC-No.
 : 231-639-5

EU REACH-Reg. No. : 01-2119458838-20-xxxx

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

Substance/Mixture overview of identified uses.

Uses advised against : At this moment we have not identified any uses advised

against

Remarks : Before referring to any Exposure Scenario attached to this

Safety Data Sheet please check the grade of the product: the Exposure Scenarios presented are not related to all product

grade

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Indufarm N.V.

Leon Bekaertstraat 5 8770 Ingelmunster (B)

Telephone : +32 (0)51-624245

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E-mail address : info@indufarm.com
Website : www.indufarm.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : Belgium: Antipoison Center - Brussels TEL: +32(0)70 245 245

1/18 EN



number

Netherland: National Poisoning Information Center - Bilthoven TEL: +31(0) 88 755 8000 (Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008					
Hazard class Hazard category Target Organs State					
Corrosive to metals	Category 1		H290		
Skin corrosion	Category 1A		H314		
Serious eye damage	Category 1		H318		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### Most important adverse effects

Human Health : See section 11 for toxicological information.

Physical and chemical

hazards

Potential environmental :

effects

See section 9/10 for physicochemical information.

See section 12 for environmental information.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.



P301 + P330 + P331 Response IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with

water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

• sulphuric acid

#### 2.3. Other hazards

For Results of PBT and vPvB assessment see section 12.5.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. **Substances**

Chemical nature Aqueous solution

		Classific (REGULATION (EC	
Hazardous components	Amount [%]	Hazard class / Hazard category	Hazard statements
sulphuric acid			

Index-No. : 016-020-00-8 >= 15 - <= 51 Met. Corr.1 H290 CAS-No. H314 : 7664-93-9 Skin Corr.1A

EC-No.

: 231-639-5 : 01-2119458838-20-xxxx EU REACH-

Reg. No.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of first aid measures**

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.



If inhaled : In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air

and keep at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Call a physician

immediately.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately.

Go to an ophthalmic hospital if possible.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do

NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

Protection of First Aid

Responders

: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and

use the recommended protective clothing.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Effects : Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. If ingested,

> severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and

symptoms.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product

itself does not burn.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefiahtina

The formation of caustic fumes is possible.

Hazardous combustion

products

Sulphur oxides

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

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equipment for firefighters apparatus. Wear appropriate body protection (full protective

suit)

Specific extinguishing

methods

Further advice

Control smoke with water spray.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Heating will cause a pressure rise - with risk of bursting. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Keep away unprotected persons. Use personal protective

> equipment. Danger of slipping if spilled Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not

breathe vapours or spray mist.

#### 6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

#### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

containment and cleaning

up

Methods and materials for : Neutralize with soda and flush with plenty of water. Taking into account local regulations the product may be disposed of as waste water after neutralisation. Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed

containers for disposal.

Further information : Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

#### Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep container tightly closed. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use

> personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the immediate vicinity. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to

the product.



: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, Hygiene measures

> eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off

all contaminated clothing immediately.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2.

areas and containers

Requirements for storage : Store in original container. Keep in an area equipped with acid resistant flooring. Suitable materials for containers: reinforced plastic; Unsuitable materials for containers: Stainless steel

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection. The product is not flammable. Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals. Risk

of explosion.

Further information on storage conditions

: Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in a well-

ventilated place.

Advice on common

storage

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep

away from combustible material.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

overview of identified uses.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

DNEL

Workers, Acute - local effects, Inhalation 0,1 mg/m3

Workers, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation 0,05 mg/m3

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

Fresh water 0,0025 mg/l

Marine water 0,00025 mg/l

Fresh water sediment 0,002 mg/kg

Marine sediment 0,002 mg/kg

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Sewage treatment plant (STP) : 8,8 mg/l

#### Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values

EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Mist. 0,05 mg/m3 Indicative

Belgium. OELs. Exposure Limit Values to Chemical Substances at Work, Code of Well-being at work, Book VI, Title 1, as amended, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Mist. 0,2 mg/m3

Netherlands. OELs (binding), as amended, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Thoracic fraction.

0,05 mg/m3

Section B: List of Carcinogens

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice : In case of brief exposure or low pollution use breathing filter

apparatus.

Respiratory protection complying with EN 141.

Recommended Filter type: BE2P3

In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Hand protection

Advice : Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion,

and the contact time.

Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.

Material : polychloroprene

Break through time : >= 8 h Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Material : Nitrile rubber



Break through time : >= 8 h Glove thickness : 0,35 mm

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 8 h
Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Material : Fluorinated rubber

Break through time : >= 8 hGlove thickness : 0,4 mm

Material : Polyvinylchloride

Break through time : >= 8 h Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Eye protection

Advice : Safety goggles

Face-shield

Skin and body protection

Advice : Impervious clothing

Chemical resistant apron

**Environmental exposure controls** 

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : no data available

pH : ca. 1 (5 g/l; 20 °C)

Solidification / Setting point : -13,8 °C 20% solution

-33,5 °C 51% solution

Boiling point/boiling range : 104 °C 20% solution

125 °C 51% solution

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Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : no data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit : Not applicable

Vapour pressure : no data available

Relative vapour density : no data available

Density : 1,10 g/cm3 15% solution

1,14 g/cm3 20% solution 1,22 g/cm3 30% solution 1,30 g/cm3 solution 40% 1,40 g/cm3 51% solution

Water solubility : completely soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : no data available

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable

Thermal decomposition : no data available

Viscosity, dynamic : no data available

Explosivity : Product is not explosive.

Oxidizing properties : no data available

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight : 98,08 g/mol

Corrosion to metals : Corrosive to metals

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

10.1. Reactivity

Advice : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Corrosive in contact with metals

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts exothermically with water. Gives off hydrogen by

reaction with metals. Exothermic reaction with: Alkali metals

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Bases Hydrogen peroxide Risk of explosion.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Excessive heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Organic materials, Bases, Reducing agents, Metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition: Under fire conditions: Sulphur oxides

products

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Not classified based on the calculation method accoregulation.  Inhalation  No valid data available.  Dermal  Not classified based on the calculation method accoregulation.  Irritation  Skin  Result : Classified based on the calculation method according regulation.  Eyes  Result : Classified based on the calculation method according regulation.	
Inhalation  No valid data available.  Dermal  Not classified based on the calculation method accoregulation.  Irritation  Skin  Result : Classified based on the calculation method according regulation.  Eyes  Result : Classified based on the calculation method according regulation.	
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regulation.  Eyes  Result : Classified based on the calculation method according	
Result : Classified based on the calculation method according	g to CLP
	g to CLP
Sensitisation	
Result : Not classified based on the calculation method accoregulation.	rding to CLP
CMR effects	
CMR Properties	



Carcinogenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

Mutagenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

Teratogenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity**

#### Single exposure

Remarks : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

#### Repeated exposure

Remarks : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP

regulation.

#### Other toxic properties

#### Repeated dose toxicity

no data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not applicable,

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-93-9

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### Oral

LD50 : 2140 mg/kg (Rat)

#### Inhalation

No valid data available.

#### **Dermal**

Study scientifically not justified.

#### Irritation

Skin

Result : corrosive effects

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Eyes

Result : corrosive effects

Sensitisation

Result : Study scientifically not justified.

**CMR** effects

**CMR Properties** 

Carcinogenicity : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Teratogenicity : Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity : Study scientifically not justified.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

Single exposure

Remarks : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure.

Repeated exposure

Remarks : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

Other toxic properties

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not applicable,

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9		
Acute toxicity				
Fish				
LC50 : 794 mg/l (Fish; 24 h) (Toxicity to fish; OECD Test Guideline 20				

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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 : 29 mg/l (Daphnia (water flea); 24 h) (Toxicity to daphnia; ISO

6341)

algae

EC50 : > 50 mg/l (algae; 24 h) (Toxicity to algae; End point: Growth rate;

OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-9						
	Persistence and degradability					
Persistence						
Result : decomposition by hydrolysis.						
Biodegradability						
	Biodegradability					

Result : The methods for determining the biological degradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9
	Bioaccumulation	

Result : Bioaccumulation is not expected.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9

: study scientifically unjustified

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	

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Result : The PBT or vPvB criteria of Annex XIII to the REACH Regulation

does not apply to inorganic substances.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Component:	sulphuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9			
Additional ecological information					
Result	<ul> <li>Do not flush into surface water or sa</li> <li>Avoid subsoil penetration.</li> <li>Harmful effects to aquatic organism</li> </ul>	,			

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product : Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special

disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.

Contaminated packaging : Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They can be

recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

European Waste Catalogue Number No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation

with the regional waste disposer.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

2796

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : SULPHURIC ACID RID : SULPHURIC ACID IMDG : SULPHURIC ACID

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C1; 80; (E)

Identification Number; Tunnel restriction

code)

RID-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C1; 80

Identification Number)



IMDG-Class : 8

(Labels; EmS) 8; F-A, S-B

#### 14.4. Packaging group

ADR : II RID : II IMDG : II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous according to ADR : no Environmentally hazardous according to RID : no Marine Pollutant according to IMDG-Code : no

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IMDG : Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Data for the product

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, :

Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation

1907/2006/EC)

EU. Directive

2012/18/EU (SEVESO

III) Annex I

Point Nos.:, 3; Listed

; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

#### Component: sulphuric acid CAS-No. 7664-93-9

EU. Regulation EU No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

EU. Regulation 273/2004, Drug Precursors, Category 3 Scheduled substance Combined Nomenclature (CN) code:,

2807 00 10



EU. Annexes I and II, Regulation 98/2013/EU on the Marketing and Use of Explosives Precursors ; Annex II: Substances on their own or in mixtures or in substances for which suspicious transactions shall be

reported.; Listed

Use of Explosives
Precursors

Combined Nomenclature (CN) Number(s): 2807 00 10; Combined Nomenclature (CN) code for a separate chemically

defined compound; Listed

Combined Nomenclature (CN) Number(s): 3824 90 97; Combined Nomenclature (CN) code for a mixture without

constituents; Listed

Explosives Precursors, Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 Upper limit value for licensing: 40 %; ANNEX I: RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS: List of substances which are not to be made available to, or introduced, possessed or used by, members of the general public, whether on their own or in mixtures or substances that include those substances, unless the concentration is equal to or lower than the limit values set out in column 2, and for which suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts are to be reported within 24 hours.

Limit value: 15 %; ANNEX I: RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS: List of substances which are not to be made available to, or introduced, possessed or used by, members of the general public, whether on their own or in mixtures or substances that include those substances, unless the concentration is equal to or lower than the limit values set out in column 2, and for which suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts are to be reported within

24 hours.

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.:, 3; Listed

EU. Regulation No 1451/2007 [Biocides], Annex I, OJ (L 325) EC Number: , 231-639-5; Listed

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) Annex I ; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

#### **Notification status**

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sulphuric acid:

Regulatory List Notification Notification number

AICS YES DSL YES

EINECS YES 231-639-5 ENCS (JP) YES (1)-430

IECSC YES

ISHL (JP) (1)-430YES 97-1-405 KECI (KR) YES KECI (KR) YES KE-32570 **NZIOC** YES HSR001572 **NZIOC** YES HSR001573 NZIOC YES HSR001588

PICCS (PH) YES TSCA YES

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

no data available

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AU AIICL Australia. Industrial Chemicals Act (AIIC) List

**BCF** bioconcentration factor

BOD biochemical oxygen demand
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

**CLP** Classification, Labelling and Packaging

**CMR** carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction

COD chemical oxygen demand

DNEL derived no-effect level

DSL Canada. Environmental Protection Act, Domestic Substances List EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

**ELINCS** European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS (JP) Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IECSC China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
INSQ Mexico. National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHL (JP) Japan. Inventory of Industrial Safety & Health

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**KECI (KR)** Korea. Existing Chemicals Inventory

**LC50** median lethal concentration

**LOAEC** lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LOAEL lowest observed adverse effect level

**LOEL** lowest observed effect level

NDSL Canada. Environmental Protection Act. Non-Domestic Substances

List

**NLP** no-longer polymer

NOAEC no observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL no observed adverse effect level NOEC no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

**NZIOC** New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

**Further information** 

Key literature references:

and sources for data

Supplier information and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were

used to create this safety data sheet.

Methods used for

product classification

The classification for human health, physical and chemical hazards and environmental hazards were derived from a combination of calculation methods and if available test data.

Hints for trainings : The workers have to be trained regularly on the safe handling

of the products based on the information provided in the Safety Data Sheet and the local conditions of the workplace. National regulations for the training of workers in the handling of

hazardous materials must be adhered to.

Other information : The in

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and

does not constitute a legal relationship.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in

the text.

|| Indicates updated section.



### SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

Version 1.2 Print Date 31.01.2013

Revision Date 31.01.2013

No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1	NA	ES529
2	Use as an intermediate	3	4, 6b, 8, 9, 14	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES679
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 3, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	2	NA	ES689
4	Use in Cleaning Agents	22	NA	35	8a	8a	NA	ES904
5	Use in laboratories	22	NA	21	15	8a, 8b	NA	ES906
6	Use for extractions and processing of minerals, ores	3	2a, 14	20, 40	2, 3, 4	4, 6b	NA	ES784
7	Use as processing aid	3	4, 5, 6b, 8, 9, 11, 23	20	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES782
8	Use in electrolytic processes	3	14, 15, 17	14, 20	1, 2, 8b, 9, 13	5, 6b	NA	ES788
9	Use in the process of surface treatments, purification and etching	3	2a, 14, 15, 16	14, 15	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES786
10	Use in gas treatment	3	8	20	1, 2, 8b	7	NA	ES790
11	Use in production of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 3, 4, 9	2, 5	NA	ES792
12	Use in recycling of sulphuric acid contained batteries	3	NA	NA	2, 4, 5, 8a	1	NA	ES794
13	Use in maintenance of sulphuric acid contained batteries	22	NA	NA	19	8b, 9b	NA	ES798
14	Use of sulphuric acid contained batteries	21	NA	NA	NA	9b	3	ES1117



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

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1. Short title of Exposure	Scenario 1: Manufacture o	f substance			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Use sites	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, or PROC3: Use in closed by PROC4: Use in batch and exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of sub vessels/large containers a PROC8b: Transfer of sub vessels/large containers a	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of su	ERC1: Manufacture of substances			
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1					
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 100%			

Product characteristics	Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 100%
	Annual amount per site	1,2 Million tonnes/year
Amount used	Annual amount used per region	19 Million tonnes/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Timachoca by hisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved
releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,



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PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC	9			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 100%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure considered to be negligible due to the specialized systems and closed nature of the production process			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)			
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9)			
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	possible	bstance the process should be kept as contained as		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system			
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRO	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)		
nome course towards the worker		authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to		dures shall be well documented and strictly		
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	trained in the procedures a	ng and transfer of materials to road tankers are and protective equipment is intended to cope with the ler to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
and nealth evaluation				

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC1		Fresh water	PEC	0,011µg/L	0,00440
ERC1		Marine water	PEC	0,0016µg/L	0,00640
ERC1		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,97ng/kg	0,00049
ERC1		Marine sediment	PEC	0,14ng/kg	0,00007
ERC1		Soil	PEC	0,05µg/kg	
ERC1		Air	PEC	0,18ng/m3	

#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	14µg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	23µg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	2,8µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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discharges, air emissions and

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site

to sewage treatment plant

Conditions and measures related

releases to soil

1. Short title of Exposure Sc	enario 2: Use as an inter	mediate			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys				
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate				
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, co PROC3: Use in closed bat PROC4: Use in batch and exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of subs vessels/large containers at PROC8b: Transfer of subs vessels/large containers at	stance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to dedicated facilities ance or preparation into small containers (dedicated			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use result intermediates)	ulting in manufacture of another substance (use of			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC6a			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	The substance is used up in the process			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
milderioed by Holk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved			

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On-site waste water treatment

ΕN

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant



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	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		ire for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,
D 1 4 1 4 1 5 5	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	The substance is used up in the process
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis even	y very low as most operations are remotely controlled ents are of short duration.
	Frequency of use	220 days/year
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min
	Intermittent contact is expe	ected
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Please note that due to the	480 cm² e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all
	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure
	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)
	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)
	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, w	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in al lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b) (PROC3, PROC4)
risk management  Other operational conditions	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, we process may involve high to PROC4)  Room size and ventilation room, with no direct contact.	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b) (PROC3, PROC4)  with good natural ventilation(PROC9) temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, prate are not relevant as workers work in a control ct to the installations housing the material.
risk management  Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, we process may involve high to PROC4)  Room size and ventilation room, with no direct contact Due to the nature of the suppossible	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)  (PROC3, PROC4)  vith good natural ventilation(PROC9)  temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, rate are not relevant as workers work in a control ct to the installations housing the material.
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors, any sized room, where the process may involve high to process may	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in al lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)  (PROC3, PROC4)  vith good natural ventilation(PROC9)  temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, rate are not relevant as workers work in a control ct to the installations housing the material.  ubstance the process should be kept as contained as em(except PROC8a)  iliation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)
risk management  Other operational conditions	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, we process may involve high to process may involve high	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in al lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)  (PROC3, PROC4)  (ith good natural ventilation(PROC9)  temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, rate are not relevant as workers work in a control ct to the installations housing the material. Ibstance the process should be kept as contained as im(except PROC8a)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b))  (illation (PROC2)
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker  Organisational measures to	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, we process may involve high to PROC4)  Room size and ventilation room, with no direct contact Due to the nature of the supossible Use vapour recovery system Provide local exhaust ventice Complete segregation (PROCONITY properly trained and a Substance-handling processupervised	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in al lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)  (PROC3, PROC4)  (ith good natural ventilation(PROC9)  temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, rate are not relevant as workers work in a control ct to the installations housing the material. abstance the process should be kept as contained as em(except PROC8a)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1)  (illation (LEV).(PROC2)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1)  (illation (LEV).(PROC2)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1)  (illation (LEV).(PROC2)  (illation (LEV).(PROC1)  (i
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Please note that due to the is not considered relevant cases  Outdoors not close to build Outdoors near to buildings Indoors, any sized room, we process may involve high to PROC4)  Room size and ventilation room, with no direct contact Due to the nature of the supossible  Use vapour recovery system Provide local exhaust vention Complete segregation (PROC Only properly trained and a Substance-handling processupervised  Workers involved in sample trained in the procedures as	e corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all lings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)  (PROC3, PROC4)  (ith good natural ventilation(PROC9)  temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC3, PROC3)  ith the installations housing the material. Instance the process should be kept as contained as tem(except PROC8a)  illation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b)  OC1, PROC2)  authorised personal shall handle the substance



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#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6a		Fresh water	PEC	0,2µg/L	0,08
ERC6a		Marine water	PEC	0,03µg/L	0,12
ERC6a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0018µg/kg	0,0009
ERC6a		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0026µg/kg	0,0013
ERC6a		Soil	PEC	0,92µg/kg	
ERC6a		Air	PEC	0,0032µg/m³	

#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

ravanosa (Erteri reer (ritti meder)					
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3		
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3		
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³		
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	14µg/m³		
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	23µg/m³		
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³		
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	2,8µg/m³		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management



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Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	nario 3: Formulation & (	(re)packing of substances and mixtures		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)			
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of preparations			
2.1 Contributing scenario con	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC2		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
	Annual amount per site	300000 ton(s)/year		
Amount used	Annual amount used per region	3 Million tonnes/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
Carrier and factors and	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
, ,	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved		
releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site				
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment Incineration or in a landfill			



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2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worke	r exposure for:PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a,
PROC8b, PROC9	

PROCOD, PROCO			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure considere	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3)		
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC5, PROC9)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC3)		
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(except PROC5)		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRC	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b)	
Hom source towards the worker		uthorised personal shall handle the substance	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly		
and exposure	trained in the procedures a	ing and transfer of materials to road tankers are nd protective equipment is intended to cope with the er to minimize exposure and risks	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clooots and protective cover	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, all)	

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0,0443µg/L	0,01772
ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0,0064µg/L	0,02568
ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0038µg/kg	0,00192
ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00028
ERC2		Soil	PEC	0,2µg/kg	
ERC2		Air	PEC	0,0007µg/m³	

#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0009ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC5	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0004µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 4: Use in Cleaning	y Agents	
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: entertainment, services, cra	Public domain (administration, education, aftsmen)	
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning	ng products (including solvent based products)	
Process categories	PROC8a: Transfer of subsivessels/large containers at	tance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to non-dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive in	door use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8a	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	1 kg	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
illidended by hak management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
0 100	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	None (emissions to drains)	
	Waste treatment	Amount of substance in waste resulting from service life of articles:, Not applicable.	
Conditions and measures related	Waste treatment	Release fraction to air from waste handling:, Not applicable.	
to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	Release fraction to wastewater from waste handling:, Not applicable.	
	Waste treatment	Fraction disposed of as secondary waste:, Not applicable.	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC8a	
Decident decided in the	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
rrequericy and duration of use	Exposure duration per	480 min	
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	day		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation		
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	LEV not required		
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker			
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
prevent /limit releases, dispersion	<b>.</b>	dures shall be well documented and strictly	
and exposure	supervised		
Conditions and measures related	Only basic skin protection is	s required	
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)		

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

#### Workers

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 5: Use in laborato	ries			
Main User Groups		SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)			
Chemical product category	PC21: Laboratory chemical	ls			
Process categories	PROC15: Use as laborator	y reagent			
Environmental Release Categories		door use of processing aids in open systems door use of reactive substances in open systems			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	5000 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
mildeneed by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC15			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa			
Amount used	Worker exposure considered	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>			
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases				
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]					
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation				
affecting workers exposure	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible				
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance				
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised				
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)				
I and health evaluation					

#### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC8a		Fresh water	PEC	0,138µg/L	0,05520
ERC8a		Marine water	PEC	0,0074µg/L	0,02956
ERC8a		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,011µg/kg	0,00580
ERC8a		Marine sediment	PEC	0,639ng/kg	0,00032
ERC8a		Soil	PEC	0,134µg/kg	
ERC8a		Air	PEC	0,48ng/m3	
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	2,12ng/L	0,00085
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0,0666ng/L	0,00026
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,183ng/kg	0,00009
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0058ng/kg	0,00000
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0,134ng/kg	
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0,0048ng/m3	

#### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC15	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes



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4. Guidance to Downstream Exposure Scenario	User to evaluate whether he works inside t	he boundaries set by the
be necessary to define appropri Predicted exposures are not exp Measures/Operational Condition	operating conditions which may not be applicable to ate site-specific risk management measures. Deceted to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Manans outlined in Section 2 are implemented.  Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then quivalent levels.	gement



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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 6: Use for extracti	ons and processing of minerals, ores		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offsh SU14: Manufacture of basic	nore industries) c metals, including alloys		
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as phagents PC40: Extraction agents	n-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization		
Process categories	PROC3: Use in closed bate	ntinuous process with occasional controlled exposure on process (synthesis or formulation) other process (synthesis) where opportunity for		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of propart of articles ERC6b: Industrial use of re	cessing aids in processes and products, not becoming active processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Amount used	Annual amount per site	438 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year		
Environment for the most	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
minusinesa by nek management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
0 177	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Metal recovery, incineration or landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC3, PROC4		
<b>5</b>	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker contact is generally very low as most operations are remotely controlled and sampling/analysis events are of short duration.			
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	220 days/year		



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	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expected			
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to build	ings(PROC2)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)			
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)			
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system(PROC2, PROC4)			
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).(PROC2)			
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC2)			
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene				
and health evaluation				

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC4		Fresh water	PEC	0,025µg/L	0,01000
ERC4		Marine water	PEC	0,0036µg/L	0,01424
ERC4		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0021µg/kg	0,00106
ERC4		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0003µg/kg	0,00015
ERC4		Soil	PEC	0,112µg/kg	
ERC4		Air	PEC	0,0004µg/m³	
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,026ng/L	0,00001
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0037ng/L	0,00001



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ERC6b	 Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0000µg/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0000µg/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Soil	PEC	0,0001µg/kg	
ERC6b	 Air	PEC	0,0000µg/m³	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3		
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³		
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m³		

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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1. Short title of Exposure S	cenario 7: Use as processing aid
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU11: Manufacture of rubber products SU23: Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

## 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%
Amount used	Annual amount per site	100000 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
F :	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
mildeneed by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Exhaust gases may be treated by scrubbers or emissions may be measured and controlled according to local legislation
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit	Water	The wastewater neutralisation process is extremely efficient with almost total neutralisation achieved
discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to		



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prevent/limit release from the site				
O distinguishment of the desired	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	On-site waste water treatment		
Conditions and measures related o sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d		
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill		
2.2 Contributing scenario con PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		re for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker contact is generally and sampling/analysis eve	very low as most operations are remotely controlled nts are of short duration.		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>		
isk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildi	ings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)			
	Indoors, any sized room, w	ith good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)		
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)			
	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
echnical conditions and		m(except PROC8a, PROC13)		
neasures to control dispersion rom source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRO	lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)		
Total Source towards the worker		uthorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to	* * * *	dures shall be well documented and strictly		
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			



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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,0059µg/L	0,00236
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0009µg/L	0,00344
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00026
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,074ng/kg	0,00004
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	0,027µg/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0,0000µg/m³	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario



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Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites				
Sectors of end-use	SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU17: General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment				
Chemical product category	products	ment products, including galvanic and electroplating h-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization			
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC5: Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids				
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC5, ERC6b			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2306 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
mindenced by Hok Management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Can ditions and management related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Metal recovery, incineration or landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC13	ntrolling worker exposu	ire for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC9,			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 95-98%			



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	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa		
Amount used	Worker exposure should be	e low and controlled		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min		
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted		
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm²		
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)			
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)			
Other operational conditions	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2)			
affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery system			
measures to control dispersion		lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)		
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRO	. ,		
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
Organisational measures to	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related		othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,		
to personal protection, hygiene	boots and protective coverall)			
and health evaluation	Wear respiratory protection (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC13)			

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC5	1	Fresh water	PEC	0,0681µg/L	0,02724
ERC5	1	Marine water	PEC	0,0099µg/L	0,03948
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0059µg/kg	0,00294



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ERC5	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0008µg/kg	0,00043
ERC5	 Soil	PEC	0,309µg/kg	
ERC5	 Air	PEC	0,0011µg/m³	
ERC6b	 Fresh water	PEC	0,136ng/L	0,00005
ERC6b	 Marine water	PEC	0,0197ng/L	0,00008
ERC6b	 Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0118ng/kg	0,00001
ERC6b	 Marine sediment	PEC	0,0017ng/kg	0,00000
ERC6b	 Soil	PEC	0,618ng/kg	
ERC6b	 Air	PEC	0,0022ng/m3	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,47mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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# 1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Use in the process of surface treatments, purification and etching

Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU2a: Mining (without offshore industries) SU14: Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys SU15: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment SU16: Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment
Chemical product category	PC14: Metal surface treatment products, including galvanic and electroplating products PC15: Non-metal-surface treatment products
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

## 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%
Amount used	Annual amount per site	10000 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Timuchocu by nak management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill



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2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC		re for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure considered closed nature of the production	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems and ction process	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings(PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b)		
	Outdoors near to buildings(PROC3, PROC4)		
	Indoors, any sized room, w	ith good natural ventilation(PROC9, PROC13)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)(PRO C1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4)		
·	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and		m(except PROC8a, PROC13)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker		lation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b)	
Trom source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PROC1, PROC2)  Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
		dures shall be well documented and strictly	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	supervised		
and exposure		ing and transfer of materials to road tankers are	
		nd protective equipment is intended to cope with the	
0		ler to minimize exposure and risks	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Workers wear protective clo	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, all)	
and health evaluation			

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source



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#### **Environment**

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC6b		Fresh water	PEC	0,591ng/L	0,00024
ERC6b		Marine water	PEC	0,0856ng/L	0,00034
ERC6b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,051ng/kg	0,00003
ERC6b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0074ng/kg	0,00000
ERC6b		Soil	PEC	2,68ng/kg	
ERC6b		Air	PEC	0,0096ng/m3	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0920ng/m3	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,42µg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,023mg/m³	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0028mg/m³	
PROC13	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,016mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.



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Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



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<u> </u>	enario 10: Use in gas trea		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, I	arge scale chemicals (including petroleum products)	
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as phagents	n-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC7: Industrial use of sub	ostances in closed systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC7	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	30000 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
minucinced by flok filaliagement	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and measures at process level	Water	Spent acid solutions are neutralized to circumneutral pH prior to discharge	
(source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site			
0 199	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	



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	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure should be low and controlled		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases		
	Outdoors not close to buildings		
	Process may involve high temperature (50 - 150°C)		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.		
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible		
Technical conditions and	Use vapour recovery syster		
measures to control dispersion	Provide local exhaust ventil	ation (LEV).(PROC1, PROC8b)	
from source towards the worker	Complete segregation(PRO	. ,	
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised		
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	,	othing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves,	
and health evaluation			

## 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC7		Fresh water	PEC	0,0886µg/L	0,03544
ERC7		Marine water	PEC	0,0128µg/L	0,05120
ERC7		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0076µg/kg	0,00383
ERC7		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0011µg/kg	0,00056
ERC7		Soil	PEC	0,0029mg/kg	
ERC7		Air	PEC	0,0014µg/m³	



# SAFETY DATA SHEET **Sulphuric acid...%**

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### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0094ng/m3	
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,092ng/m3	
PROC8b	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0048µg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

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M · II O	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses	s of substances as such or in preparations at industrial	
Main User Groups	sites		
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)		
Environmental Release	ERC2: Formulation of prep	arations ing in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
Categories			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC2, ERC5	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
miliaonood by normanagomone	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC9	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 98%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure should be		
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe		
Human factors not influenced by	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
risk management	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	



### SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

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	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases
	Indoors, any sized room, with good natural ventilation
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.
anosing transition expression	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)
and health evaluation	

## 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC2		Fresh water	PEC	0,0369µg/L	0,01476
ERC2		Marine water	PEC	0,0054µg/L	0,02144
ERC2		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0032µg/kg	0,00160
ERC2		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0005µg/kg	0,00023
ERC2		Soil	PEC	0,166µg/kg	
ERC2		Air	PEC	0,0006µg/m³	
ERC5		Fresh water	PEC	0,0788µg/L	0,03152
ERC5		Marine water	PEC	0,0107µg/L	0,04280
ERC5		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0064µg/kg	0,00319
ERC5		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0009µg/kg	0,00046
ERC5		Soil	PEC	0,335µg/kg	
ERC5		Air	PEC	0,0012µg/m³	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)



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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	1,4µg/m³	
PROC3	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,014mg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m³	
PROC9	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

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	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial				
Main User Groups	sites				
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of sub	stances			
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC1			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
Facility and the state of the	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Conditions and massures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC2, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	0,06 hPa			
Amount used	Worker exposure considere	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.			
	Frequency of use	220 days/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min			
	Intermittent contact is expe				
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Breathing volume 10 m3/day				



# SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>		
	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in all cases			
	Indoors, any sized room, w	rith good natural ventilation		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Room size and ventilation rate are not relevant as workers work in a control room, with no direct contact to the installations housing the material.			
	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible			
Technical conditions and	Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV).			
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker				
	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion	Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly supervised			
and exposure	Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-act boots and protective coverall)				

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC1		Fresh water	PEC	0,0074µg/L	0,00295
ERC1		Marine water	PEC	0,0011µg/L	0,00428
ERC1		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,0638ng/kg	0,00032
ERC1		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0093ng/kg	0,00005
ERC1		Soil	PEC	0,0335µg/kg	
ERC1		Air	PEC	0,0001µg/m³	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,0012mg/m³	
PROC4	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long	0,004mg/m³	



### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Sulphuric acid...%

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		term - systemic		
PROC5	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,013mg/m³	
PROC8a	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,006mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sulphuric acid...%

Version 1.2 Print Date 31.01.2013

1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 13: Use in mainte	nance of sulphuric acid contained batteries	
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: entertainment, services, cra	Public domain (administration, education, aftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC19: Hand-mixing wit	n intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories		door use of reactive substances in open systems utdoor use of substances in closed systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC8b, ERC9b	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%	
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d	
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill	
2.2 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for:PROC19	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	2,14 hPa	
Amount used	Worker exposure consider	ed to be negligible due to the specialized systems.	
	Frequency of use	220 days/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	480 min	
	Intermittent contact is expe	cted	
	Breathing volume	10 m3/day	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
risk management	Please note that due to the corrosive nature of the substance dermal exposure is not considered relevant for risk characterization as it must be prevented in cases		
Other operational conditions	Indoors, any sized room, w	rith good natural ventilation	
affecting workers exposure	40/44	EN	
	40/44	EN	



# SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# Sulphuric acid...%

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	Due to the nature of the substance the process should be kept as contained as possible
Organisational measures to	Only properly trained and authorised personal shall handle the substance Substance-handling procedures shall be well documented and strictly
prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	supervised  Workers involved in sampling and transfer of materials to road tankers are trained in the procedures and protective equipment is intended to cope with the worst case scenario, in order to minimize exposure and risks
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Workers wear protective clothing (face/eye protection, helmet, anti-acid gloves, boots and protective coverall)

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC8b		Fresh water	PEC	0,001µg/L	0,00424
ERC8b		Marine water	PEC	0,333ng/L	0,00133
ERC8b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	0,914ng/kg	0,00046
ERC8b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,0288ng/kg	0,00001
ERC8b		Soil	PEC	0,671ng/kg	
ERC8b		Air	PEC	0,002ng/m3	
ERC9b		Fresh water	PEC	0,003µg/L	0,01340
ERC9b		Marine water	PEC	1,85ng/L	0,00740
ERC9b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	2,89ng/kg	0,00140
ERC9b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,16ng/kg	0,00008
ERC9b		Soil	PEC	0,003µg/kg	
ERC9b		Air	PEC	0,12ng/m3	

### Workers

Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
	90th percentile value	worker inhalation, long term - systemic	0,002mg/m³	

The ECETOC exposure estimation is considered to be unsatisfactory and is not considered relevant for the risk characterisation purposes

### 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the

EN



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### **Exposure Scenario**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Sulphuric acid...%

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1. Short title of Exposure Sce	enario 14: Use of sulphu	ric acid contained batteries			
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)				
Article categories	AC3: Electrical batteries and accumulators				
Environmental Release Categories	ERC9b: Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems				
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC9b			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Amount used	Annual amount per site	2500 ton(s)/year			
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	365 days/year			
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18.000 m3/d			
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10			
illidended by hak management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant			
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2.000 m3/d			
	Sludge Treatment	Incineration or in a landfill			
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for:AC3					
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 25% - 40%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid			
	Vapour pressure	< 0,1 hPa			
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	240 min			
Human factors not influenced by	nan factors not influenced by Breathing volume 10 m3/day	10 m3/day			
risk management	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>			
	Consumer Measures	Batteries should only be opened in a well-ventilated place			
Conditions and measures related	Consumer Measures	Batteries should not be opened unnecessarily			
to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Batteries should stand on firm ground to prevent spill			
	Consumer Measures	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.			
	Consumer Measures	Wear acid-resistant gloves			
	40/44				
	43/44	EN			



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Consumer Measures Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

EUSES V2.1 tier 2

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
ERC9b		Fresh water	PEC	0,0335µg/L	0,0134
ERC9b		Marine water	PEC	0,0018µg/L	0,0074
ERC9b		Fresh water sediment	PEC	2,89ng/kg	0,0014
ERC9b		Marine sediment	PEC	0,16ng/kg	0,0001
ERC9b		Soil	PEC	33,5ng/kg	
ERC9b		Air	PEC	0,12ng/m3	

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.